

Original 13 Colonies



Coming to America



Other Reasons Why



- Wealth and resources
- New beginning
- Get out of debt
- Escape political & religious persecution

Each colony was unique in its characteristics. They are grouped together based on location, reasons they were founded, and what types of industries they had.



New England Colonies
Rhode Island
Connecticut
Massachusetts
New Hampshire

Middle Colonies
Delaware
Pennsylvania
New York
New Jersey

Southern Colonies
Maryland
Virginia
North Carolina
South Carolina
Georgia

New England Colonies

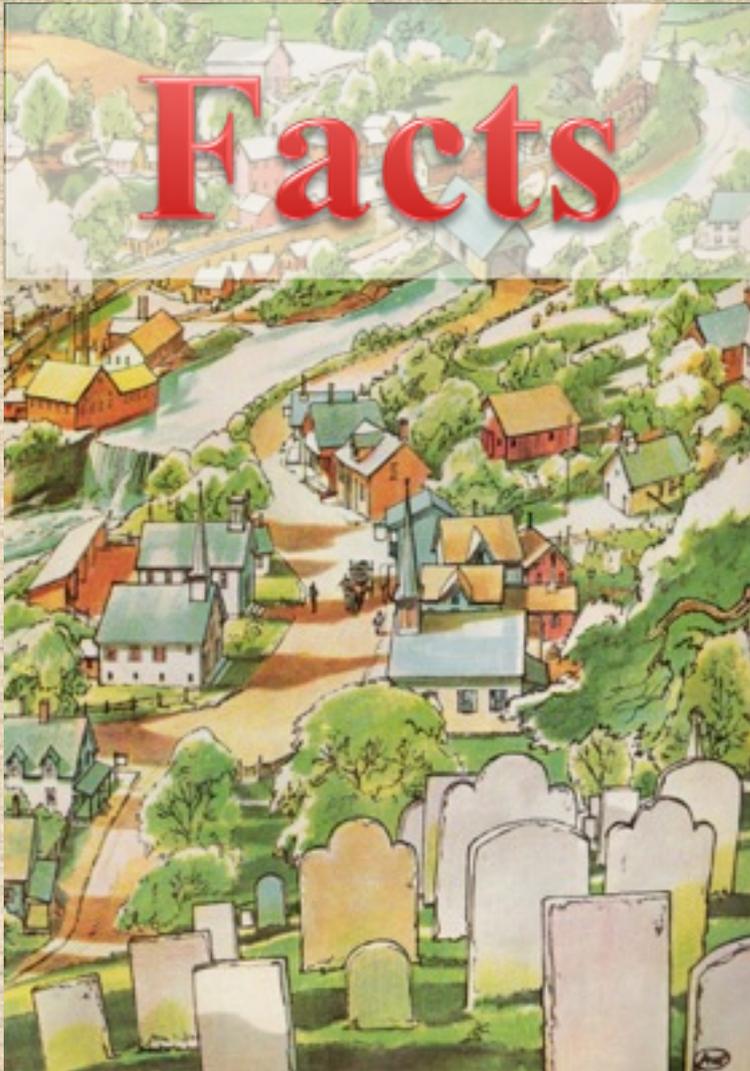


New England Colonies

- Settlers wanted to keep their family together and practice their own religions.
- They were used to doing many things themselves and not depending on other people for much.
- Some were looking for economic opportunities. Some starting fishing settlements



New England Colonies



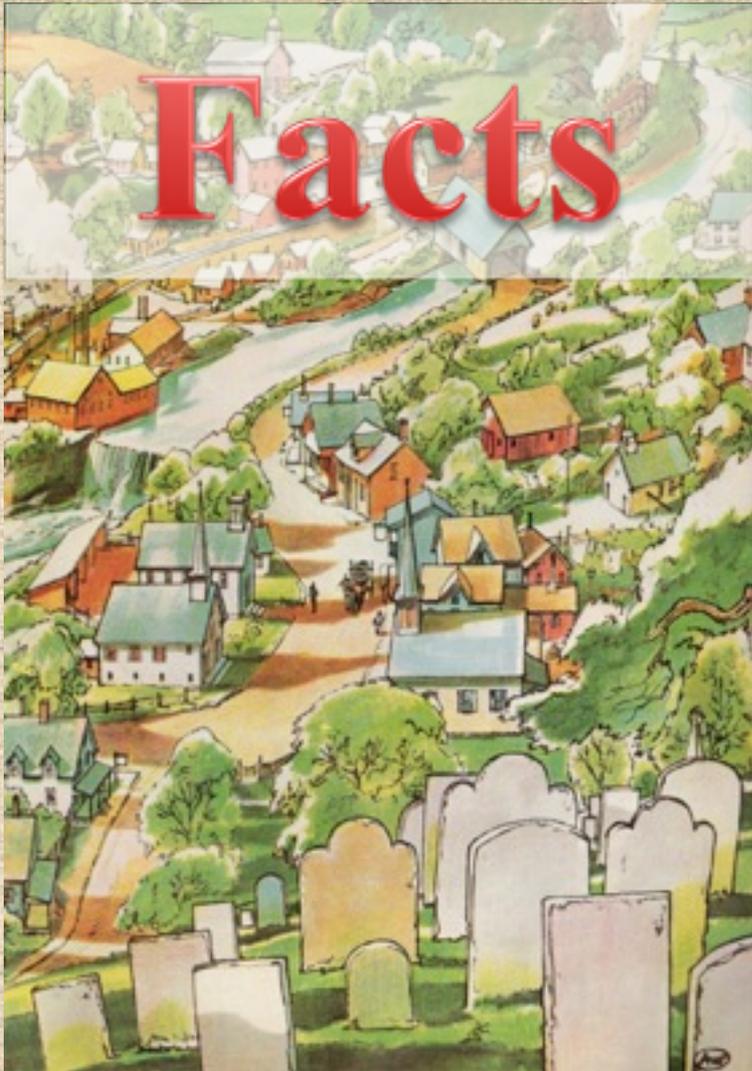
People lived, worked, and worshipped close together.

People used a **barter system** (trading goods) instead of money

The meetinghouse was the most important building in the town.



New England Colonies



Women and girls spent hours cooking and preparing food.

They churned butter and dried fruits. This food was stored to last through the winter. They used animal fat to make candles and soaps.

The men would hunt and work in the fields; also made their own tools.

New England Colonies

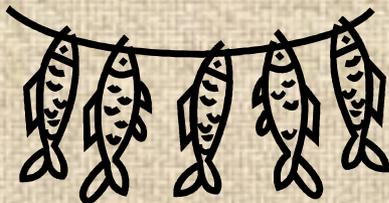
Economy

-Farming and fishing communities

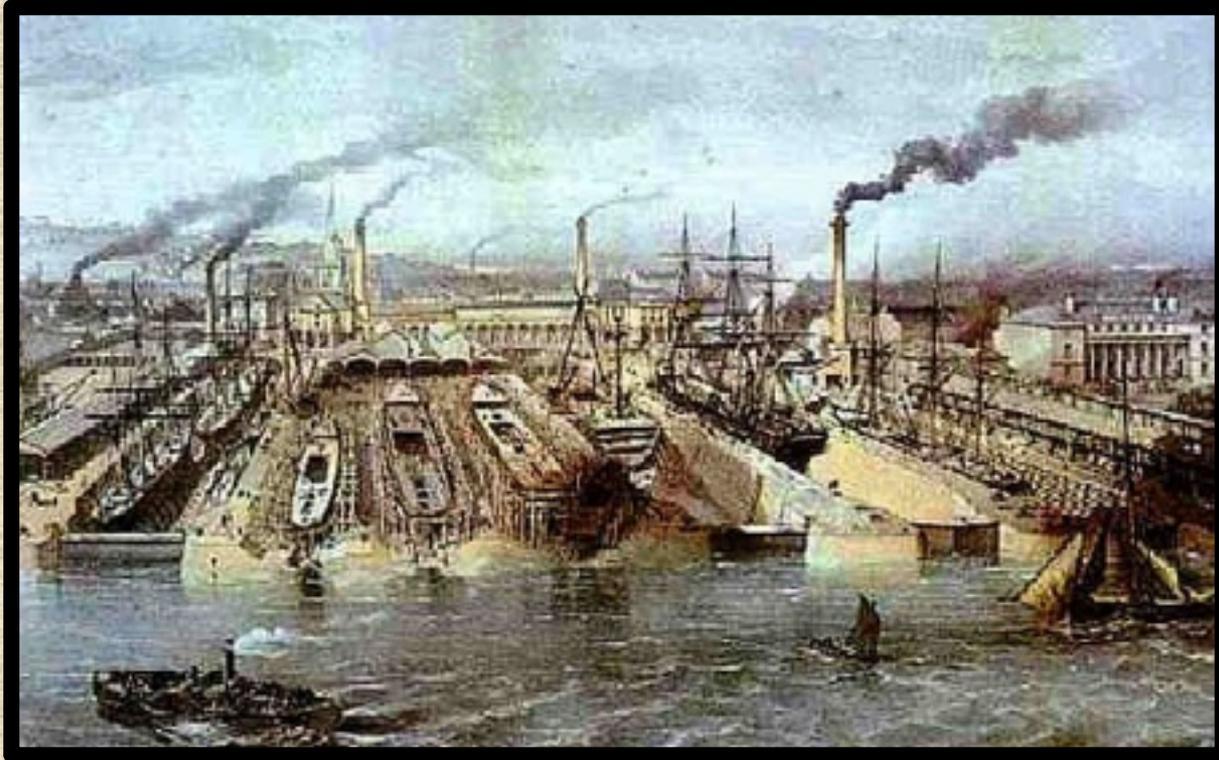
-Made their own clothes and shoes

-Corn and wheat grew in large numbers; much was shipped to England

-**Boston** was the major New England port.



New England Colonies

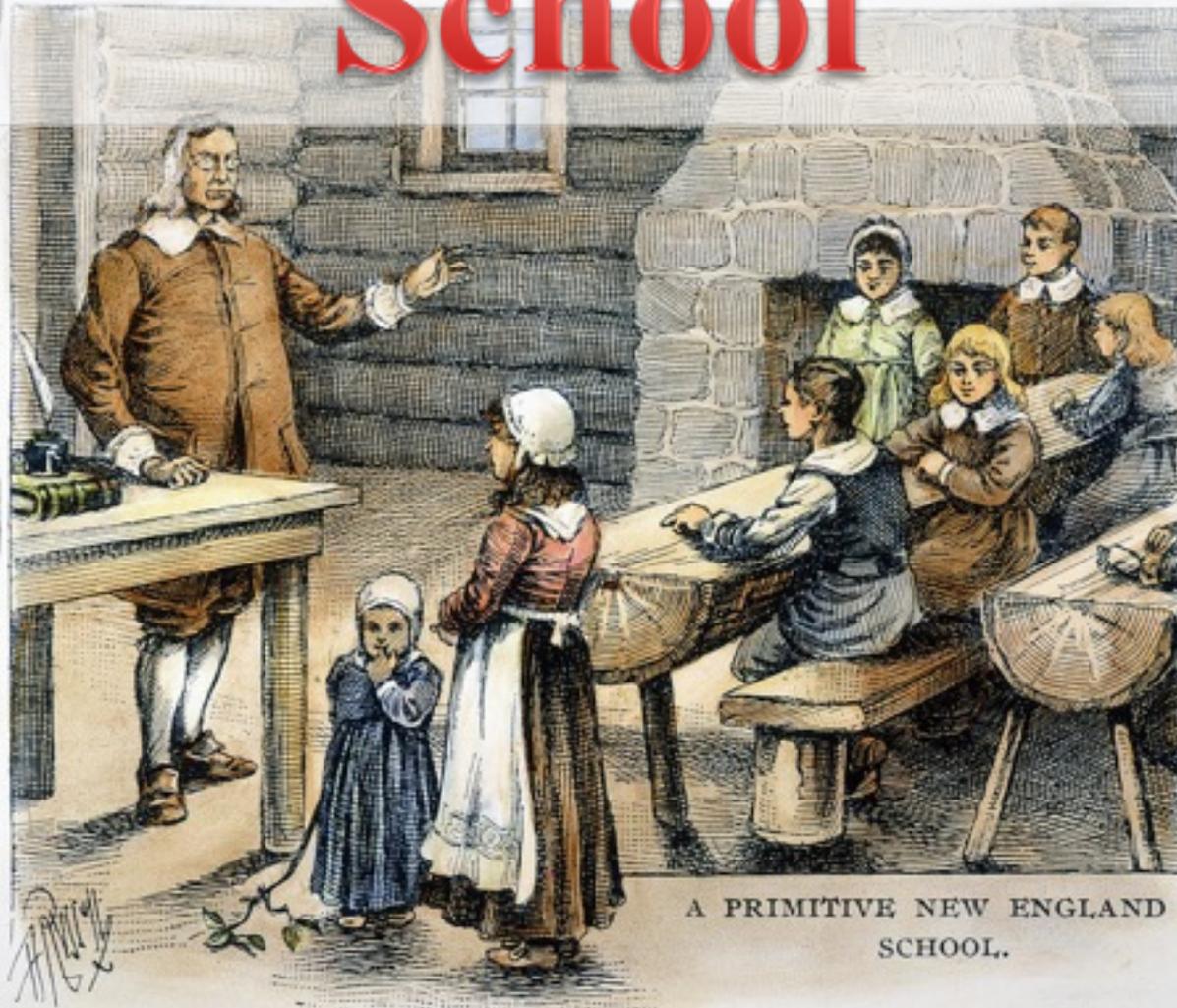


By 1750, busy cities cropped up around the New England colonies.

Some colonists lived in small towns surrounded by farm land outside of the big cities.

New England Colonies

School



One room

One teacher

Very strict,
children were
often whipped
for punishment

The main
subject was
reading

Middle Colonies



Middle Colonies



Settlers here were looking to practice their own religion or to make money.

Many didn't bring their families with them from England

Perfect workers for the hard work required in ironworks and shipyards.

Middle Colonies

Economy



-Part agriculture, part industrial

-Wheat and other grains were grown

-Factories produced iron, paper and textiles (cloth)

-Trading goods with England was common

Middle Colonies

Facts

-Sometimes called the “The Bread Basket” colonies because they grew so many crops for making bread.

-In addition to the lush land for growing crops, there were several large harbors.



Middle Colonies

Facts



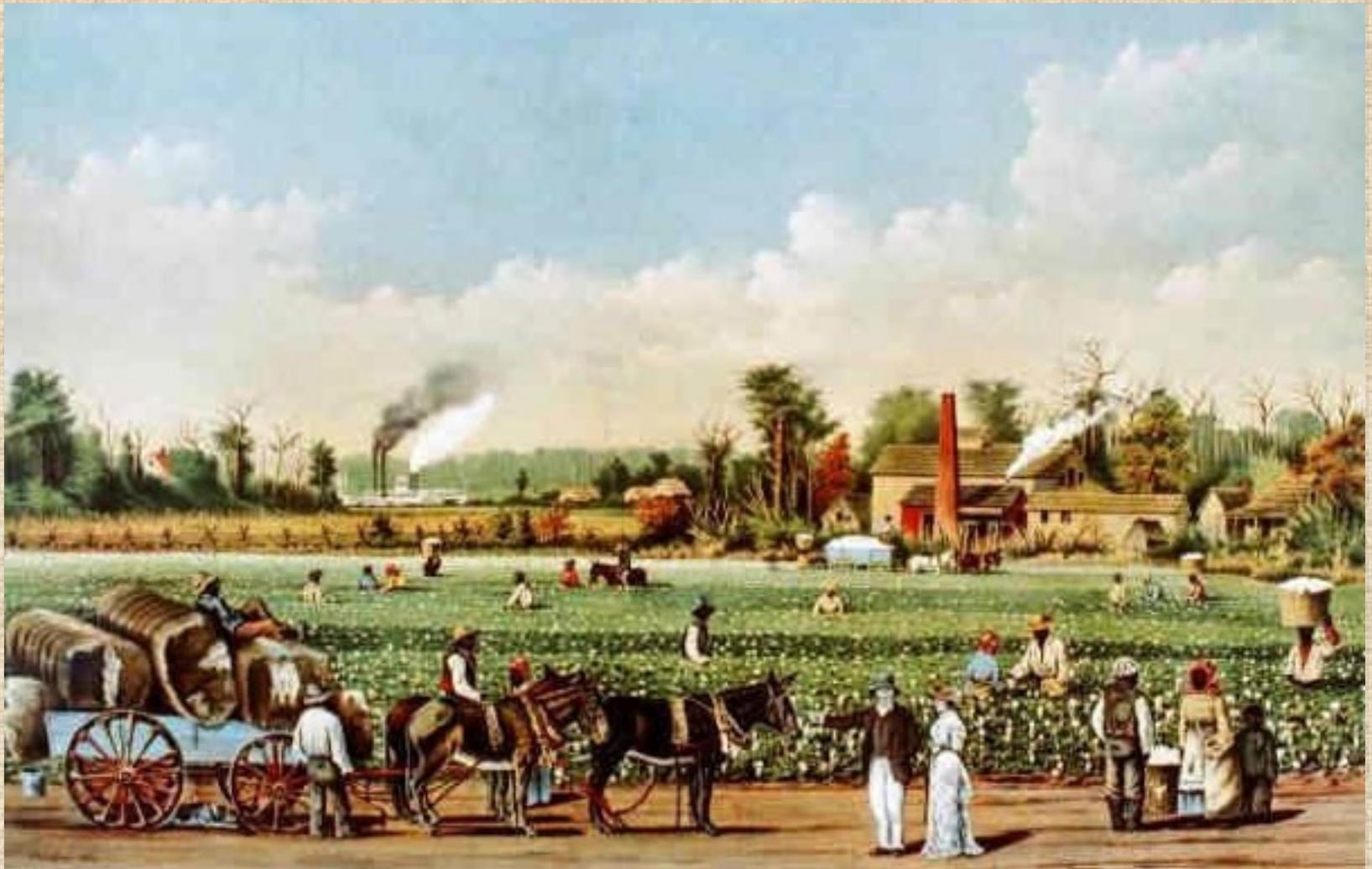
-Settlers that lived here came from many different places and backgrounds.

-Dutch, Swedish, French, Belgian, English, and more! Many lived in **Philadelphia**

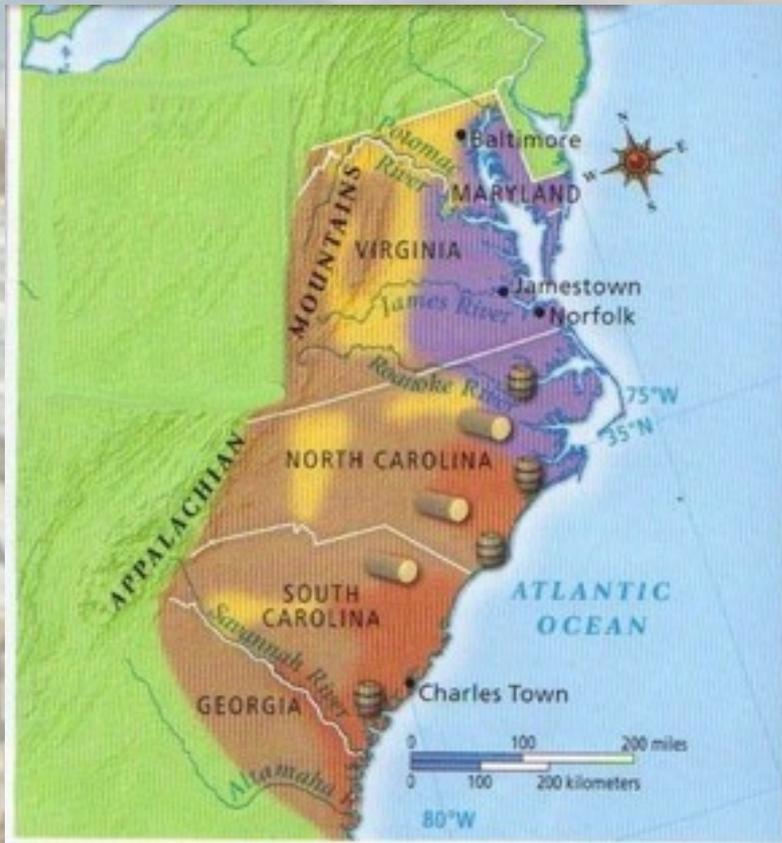
-Philadelphia means “brotherly love” in Greek. It was founded on the principles of living peacefully together.



Southern Colonies



Southern Colonies



The settlers here, for the most part, wanted to make money.

They brought their families and they kept them together on the plantations.

Southern Colonies

Economy



-Almost entirely agricultural

-**Plantations** were abundant

-A large part of the workforce were African slaves

-Plantations grew tobacco, rice, and indigo

Southern Colonies

Facts



-Slavery was legal

-Children born to slaves became slave themselves

-Sometimes families were broken apart and sold to other plantation owners

-Enslaved people were often abused or beaten

Colonial Life...



Facts About School



- Boys normally went to grammar schools while girls went to dame school.
- There were no chalkboards, maps, or paper.
- School teachers were strict and were allowed to hit their students



Other Facts About School



In the New England colonies, children were taught to read so they could study the Bible. Boys got to also learn Latin and Math and other subjects to get into college. Girls could learn to read, but they weren't allowed to go to grammar school or to college.

In the Middle Colonies, most schools were private. Students also learned other subjects so they could get into college. Girls weren't allowed to attend (unless they were Quakers).

In the Southern Colonies, children were mostly taught at home. As in the other colonies, Southern girls did not go to higher schooling.

Free Time

Make new clothes



**Sleigh Rides
& Ice Skate**



**Barn Raising
(was a social event!)**



Dances & Social Clubs



Plays

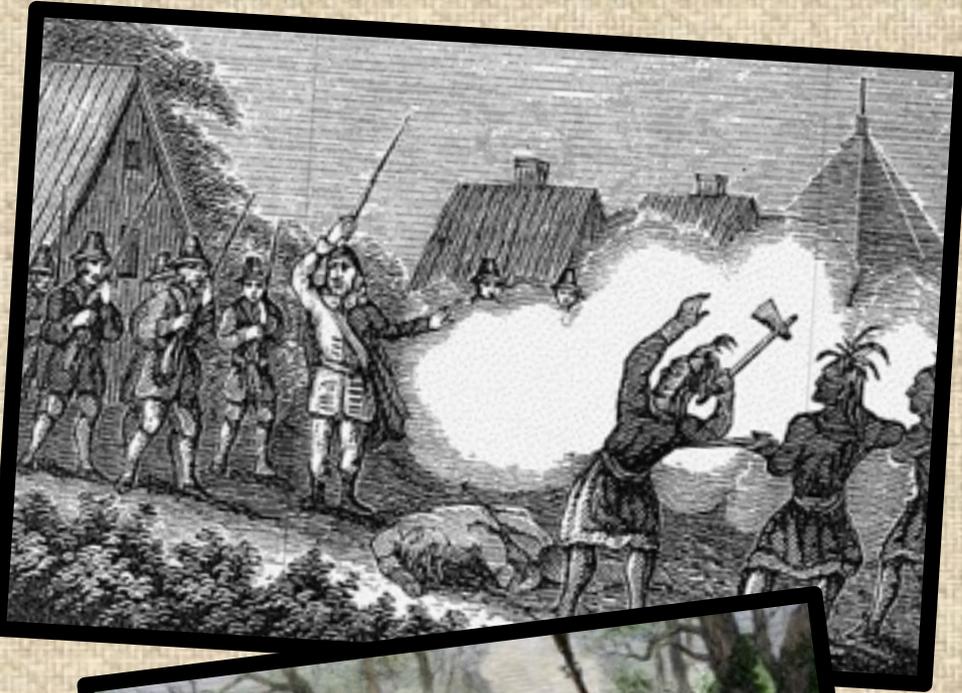


Conflict in the Colonies



As colonists settled and spread across New England, they entered land that was already lived on by Native Americans.

Conflict in the Colonies



The Native Americans and colonists began attacking each other's villages.

They had very different ideas about owning land. Natives believed no one could own land while colonists believed you could own it if you claim it.

Arguments began to lead to war resulting in lives lost. Some tribes were nearly completely wiped out.

